



Stockpile Volume Calculation



| Count | try | Kentucky, USA |
|--------|-----------------------------|--|
| Job Ty | ype | Volume Calculation |
| Projec | ct Date | February2017 |
| Projec | ct Size | 13,200 m ² (3.3 acres) |
| Drone | 9 | Phantom 4 Pro |
| Patte | rn of Flight | Oblique |
| Numb | per of Images | 45 |
| Accur | асу | 2.5% volume difference without GCPs |
| DatuS | Survey [™] Savings | 0.5 field hour instead of 1.5 hours using conventional methods1 office hourNo need to climb the pile |





Project Description

High precision volume calculation of the stockpile that needs to be accomplished in a short time without using Ground Control Points in a safe and automatic process.

Data Acquisition

Acquiring Images

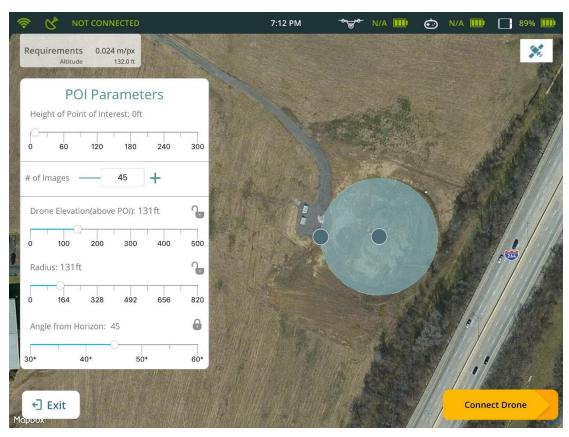
Data was collected with a DJI Phantom 4 Pro drone using a 20 MP camera.

Mission was planned with flight planner app DatuFly™, allowing quick, precise and automatic image capturing.

Flight duration was 6 minutes at an altitude of 132 ft. (40m).

Resolution was 2.4cm/pixel.





Geo-Referencing

4 Ground Control Points in the area of the project were surveyed by RTK GPS.

The first project of volume calculation was geo-referenced with the GeoTag option utilizing only the GPS data embedded in the EXIF of the image.

The second project of volume calculation was geo-referenced using Ground Control Points.







Conventional Survey

The area of the stockpile was surveyed by using the conventional method with RTK GPS. The data includes 173 points describing the surface of the pile.

This data was used for comparison.

Achieved Results

The project is processed in less than an hour, including dense point cloud with mesh and texture and volume calculation reports.

The difference between volume without GCP and with GCP is 2.5%.

The difference between volume with the conventional method and volume without GCP is **4.5%**, while there are 8,566 points describing the surface compared to 173 points of conventional survey.

Scale accuracy can also be checked by measuring the distance between the car wheels.



The distance measured in the project without GCP points differs from the actual size by 2 cm (0.06 ft.)

The distance measured in the project with GCP points differs from the actual size by **0.66 cm (0.002 ft.)**





DatuSurvey[™] Enterprise Outputs

Texturized Dense Point Cloud



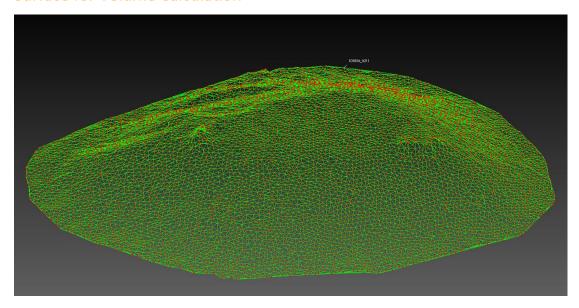
Dense Point Cloud with the Surface for Volume Calculation



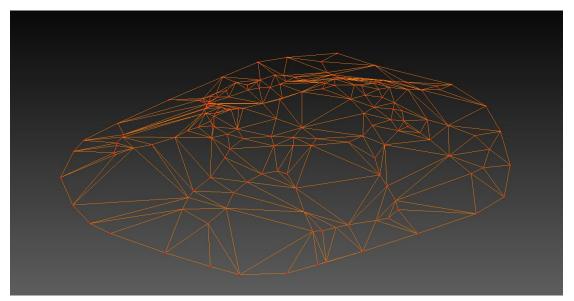




Surface for Volume Calculation



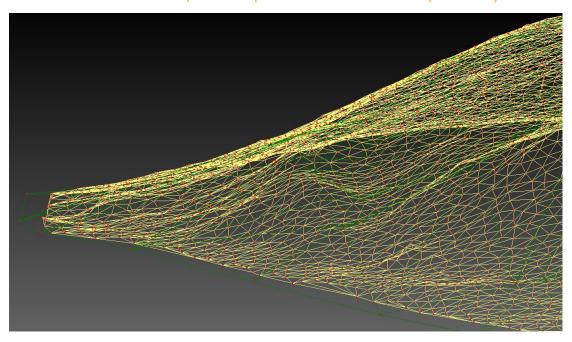
Conventional Topo Survey







Surface from DatuSurvey™ via Imported Conventional Topo Survey



Yellow TIN – DatuSurvey surface

Green TIN – conventional survey





Volume Report



DatuSurvey™ Enterprise Volume Calculation Report

| Job Name: | Stock_pile_volume |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Organization Name: | |
| Creation Date: | 28/03/2017 10:23 AM |
| Measurement Unit | [Meter ³] |

| Volume Name | pile_gcp_2 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Surface Name | pile_gcp |
| Surface Description | |
| Base Surface Name | |
| Base Surface Description | |
| Calculation Date & Time | 10/03/2017 2:47 PM |
| Fill | 42566.701 |
| Cut | 11.523 |

| Volume Name | Pile_NOgcp_2 |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Surface Name | Pile_NOgcp |
| Surface Description | |
| Base Surface Name | |
| Base Surface Description | |
| Calculation Date & Time | 10/03/2017 2:56 PM |
| Fill | 41523.407 |
| Cut | 30.701 |





Orthophoto

True Orthophoto was generated from the oblique flight.







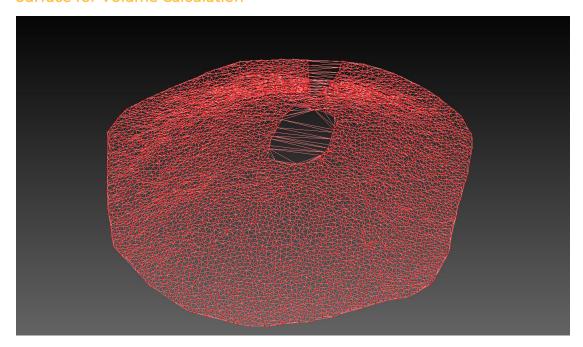
Objects Elimination

An additional project was made with a car on the top of the pile. In order to eliminate the car from the volume calculation it's simply not included in the polygon of interest:

Texturized Dense Point Cloud with a Car on Top



Surface for Volume Calculation







DatuSurveyTM Enterprise Benefits

